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**Table 1.** Font sizes of headings. Table captions should always be positioned *above* the tables.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Heading level | Example | Font size and style |
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| 1st-level heading | **1 Introduction** | 12 point, bold |
| 2nd-level heading | **2.1 Printing Area** | 10 point, bold |
| 3rd-level heading | **Run-in Heading in Bold.** Text follows | 10 point, bold |
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Here are some examples of headings: “Criteria to Disprove Context-Freeness of Collage Languages”, “On Correcting the Intrusion of Tracing Non-deterministic Pro- grams by Software”, “A User-Friendly and Extendable Data Distribution System”, “Multi-flip Networks: Parallelizing GenSAT”, “Self-determinations of Man”.

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longing to a table, which should always appear above the table. Figures and Tables should be cross referred in the text.

1,5

third span

second span

first span

1,0

power fluctuation (1555 nm), dB

0,5

0,0

0 1 2 3 4

time, ms

**Fig. 1.** Power distribution of channel at 1555 nm along the link of 383 km (Source: LNCS 5412, p. 323)

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*x* + *y* = *z* (1)

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## Program Code

Program listings or program commands in the text are normally set in typewriter font:

program Inflation (Output)

{Assuming annual inflation rates of 7%, 8%, and 10%,... years};

const MaxYears = 10;

var Year: 0..MaxYears;

Factor1, Factor2, Factor3: Real;

begin

Year := 0;

Factor1 := 1.0; Factor2 := 1.0; Factor3 := 1.0;

WriteLn('Year 7% 8% 10%'); WriteLn; repeat

Year := Year + 1;

Factor1 := Factor1 \* 1.07; Factor2 := Factor2 \* 1.08; Factor3 := Factor3 \* 1.10;

WriteLn(Year:5,Factor1:7:3,Factor2:7:3, Factor3:7:3)

until Year = MaxYears end.

[Example of a computer program from Jensen K., Wirth N.: Pascal User Manual and Report. Springer, New York (1991)]

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